DS 10: Electromagnetic Waves

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1 Laws of Reflection and Refraction

- (a) Consider an interface between two dielectric media along the xy-plane. Imagine an electromagnetic plane wave incident on the interface, travelling along some angle θ_I to the z-axis. Write out the electric and magnetic fields for this incident wave.
- (b) Such a system will have a reflected and transmitted wave. Write out their electric and magnetic fields as well.
- (c) Now, consider the behaviour of these waves at the interface (z = 0) and show that
 - (i) $(k_I)_x = (k_R)_x = (k_T)_x$, and
 - (ii) $(k_I)_y = (k_R)_y = (k_T)_y$.
- (d) Using the above results, show that:
 - (i) The incident, reflected, and transmitted wave vectors lie in the same plane (called the **plane of incidence**), which also includes the normal to the surface (in this case, the z-axis.
 - (ii) The angle of incidence is equal to the angle of reflection, i.e.

$$\theta_I = \theta_R. \tag{1}$$

(iii) The angles of incidence and transmission are related through Snell's Law:

$$n_1 \sin \theta_I = n_2 \sin \theta_T \tag{2}$$

(iv) Now, imagine we were working with sound waves instead of electromagnetic waves. Which of the above results would need to be changed?